

Rev. JOHN DODWELL, Manager.

With Strong Staff of Editors and Correspondents.

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THE CITIZEN.

An Independent Weekly

Devoted to the

Interests of

THE HOME, FARM, & SCHOOL.

50 CENTS A YEAR

VOL. III.

A Family Paper

BEREA, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1901.

Fifty cents a year.

NO. 20

IDEAS.

He who despises small gains is not likely to have large ones.

A man who is stingy with his seed corn will have a small crop.

When a man makes a fool of him self he generally does the job well.

In answer to the question: "What is Home Without a Newspaper?" an exchange says: "It is a place where hats are stuffed in the window panes, where children are like young pigs, where the wife like a savage and the husband has a panorama of the dismal swamp painted on his shirt front with tobacco juice."

THE CITIZEN takes off his hat to all newly elected magistrates. When a man is elected it is his duty to serve the interests of all the people—those who voted for him and those who voted against him. And it is the duty of all the people to give him their good wishes and support in performing the work of his office.

TAKE NOTICE.

SCAFFOLD CASE.—Pres. Frost will preach next Sunday at 2.30 p.m.

LONG BRANCH.—Rev. Hogan, with Gamble, the singer, will hold a meeting next Friday night.

BIRCH LICK.—Rev. Hogan, with Gamble, the singer, will hold a meeting next Saturday night.

KIRBY KNOB.—Rev. Hogan, with Gamble, the singer, will hold a meeting next Sunday morning at 11.

BEREA CHURCH HOUSE.—Pres. Frost will preach at 11 in the morning, and Prof. Raymond at 7 at night, assisted by the Junior Choir.

The Berea Lyceum Course offers five splendid entertainments this winter; the first, coming Dec. 14, Mrs. Isabel Garghill Beecher.

WINTER TERM OPENS WED., DEC. 11.

Christmas and New Year's days are great occasions in Berea. You will enjoy them more here than at home.

EDUCATE OR FALL BEHIND!

As long as the native strength of the people was matched against the equally untrained people of other Western States, Kentucky held a leading position. But the time when men could win without the aid of training is rapidly passing away. In another generation the Kentuckians will certainly be left behind by their less well endowed but more aptly trained competitors unless they meet the needs of education with the same courage and self-sacrifice with which they have met the other dangers and difficulties of their development.—PROF. N. S. SHALER, *History of Kentucky*.

FROM THE WIDE WORLD.

King Leopold, of Belgium, is about to visit the United States.

Li Hung Chang, a Premier of China, is critically ill. He had two hemorrhages Friday.

IN OUR OWN COUNTRY.

President Roosevelt issued his first Thanksgiving proclamation Saturday. The day is set for Nov. 28, 1901.

Forest fires throughout the section of West Virginia around Parkersburg did immense damage last week.

The Board of Naval Construction has just recommended to Secretary Long the building of 40 more naval vessels of all classes from battleships down to tug boats.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY.

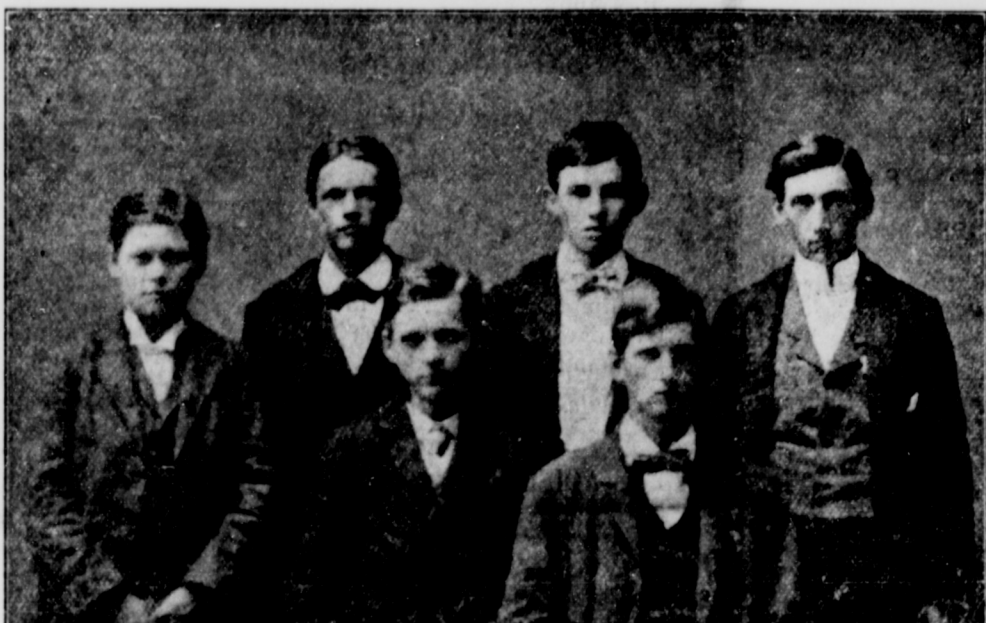
The Moore & Reed Syndicate are to establish a tinplate mill at Ashland.

The Smith Withers Oil and Development Company of Whitley County is incorporated with a capital stock of \$25,000.

James W. Smith, cashier of the Harris Sellers' Bank, and one of the best known bankers in Eastern Kentucky, died Saturday, aged 62 years.

The Hillman Land and Iron Company, of Paducah, has been incorporated. Capital, \$1,000,000. They will develop the iron fields near Paducah.

The ad interim committee of the Northern and Southern Presbyterian Synod of Kentucky has decided to establish a college for the higher education of women. Lexington and Danville want it.



BOYS WHO ARE IN EARNEST.

THE CITIZEN is glad to show a few of the great army of noble young men who are in earnest to secure an education at Berea. Some of these stalwart and determined boys will win distinction as the years go by. We shall keep watch of their progress.

In this group we have, beginning at the left, Greenbury McIntosh, who walked to Berea from Breathitt Co., 65 miles; Clark and Jessie Hylton, who walked from Knott Co., 150 miles; Arthur Flanery, who walked from Owsley Co., 45 miles; Archibald Fields, who walked from Perry Co.,

125 miles; and Jackson Browning, who walked from Leslie Co., 75 miles to the station, and came the other 75 miles on the cars!

This kind of determination will win success, and proves the old proverb, "Where there's a will there's a way."

THE APPLIED SCIENCE COURSE

Is the best for those who are not to spend their lives as teachers, and have not the time or means for the longer courses.

This course gives the arts of practical life, by which people get on in the world, and makes good citizens and good home-makers. In this course students learn about the history and government of their country, the care of health (physiology and hygiene), book keeping, letter-writing, drawing, good reading (eloquence), gardening and botany, singing and other studies. Besides these are the special studies.

FOR BOYS.

Farm Management,
Machinery (Physics),
Animal Husbandry,
Forestry.

FOR GIRLS.

Sewing and Dressmaking,
Cooking,
Care of the Sick,
Dairying.

Can you afford to let your son or daughter miss such education as this?



THE CARPENTER SHOP.

This shop was built by our own young men.

Last year over thirty-five young men bought sets of tools, and earned money in Berea by carpenter work.

The first graduate from this department secured employment at once at \$2.50 a day.

All the boys in the A and B Grammar Schools are taught how to take care of tools, and how to use them in simple work.

The young men in the Apprentice Course learn how to draw plans, frame buildings, make tables and furniture, etc., and are very soon able to earn good wages. At the same time they study arithmetic, and book keeping, letter writing, the history of our country, and the other things which help to make a good citizen.

Why should not you learn how to use tools?

A New One!

An Oil Finish Portrait FREE.

A portrait painted in twelve shades and colors by patent appliances that produce an

Absolutely Accurate Likeness.

When we found out what they were we knew our customers would want them, and we have arranged to handle a limited number as gifts to our new and old customers. OIL FINISH is everlasting, made from any photograph or tintype

ABSOLUTELY FREE FOR CASH TRADE.

Our offer is one bust portrait free as soon as you trade amount represented on tickets being distributed by our solicitors, who will call for your photographs and get full directions for making the same. Lady, don't fail to ask for coupons upon making each purchase; they cost you nothing.

BICKNELL & EARLY, Berea, Ky.

HEAVY HARDWARE AND FARM IMPLEMENTS,
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, ETC.

COME AND SEE THE SPECIMEN PORTRAITS AT OUR STORE.

TRAINING FOR TEACHING.

This is the work of our Normal Department, in charge of Prof. Dinsmore. This department is famous for the ability of its instructors, the thoroughness of its methods (including actual practice-teaching), and the high grade certificates which are carried off by its students.

Prof. Dinsmore has a reputation which far surpasses the boundaries of Kentucky. Mrs. Putnam is known as an institute conductor in Ohio and West Virginia as well as in this State. Mrs. Hunting is one of the three or four best teachers of arithmetic in America. Prof. Carnahan, formerly in charge of the Normal Department at London, is one of the best-known and popular institute conductors in Kentucky, and one of the best representatives of the mountain people. Miss Schumaker is a graduate of the Normal School of Pennsylvania and the well-known institution at Lebanon, O.

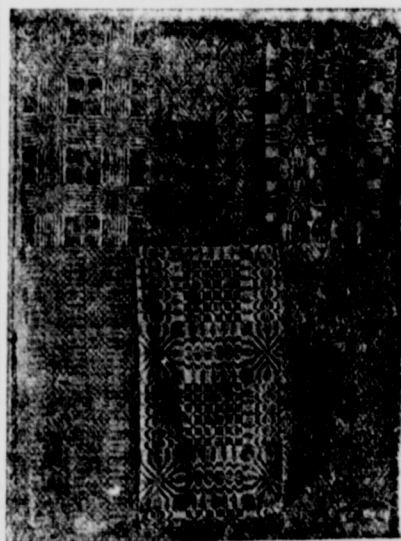
Besides these regular normal instructors the normal students have the benefit of others, like Dr. Mayo, of Washington, D. C., who gives a course of lectures annually, and Prof. Raymond, Mrs. Vocum and other College and Academy teachers.

Any young teacher makes a great mistake if he fails to complete a course in this department, and get a State certificate

Dr. H. K. Hinde, of the M. E. Church, said in a memorial address: "Let us shoot to death with the ballot these saloons all over our Christian land, so that there shall be no hatching places for anarchy and all these vices that tend to undermine and destroy us as a people." (May God help us to do our duty.—Ed.)

Repair That Loom!

Homespun is coming into fashion again, and our girls should keep up the art of spinning. Berea College is finding a market for the products of fireside industry which may bring education and comfort to many homes



We can pay for well-woven linen 40 cents a yard, jeans 60 cents, linsey 50 cents, well-matched bed coverlets \$4 to \$6. Patent dyes not accepted—old-fashioned indigo preferred.

For information address, JOSEPHINE A. ROBINSON, Homespun Exchange Berea, Ky.

OUR \$10 SUITS!

Have you seen them?

It will pay you to see them before buying your winter outfit.

Every Fashionable Fabric is represented, and they are trimmed and tailored in the latest style from top to bottom.

These suits fit better, look better and wear better than suits "made to order" by cheap concerns in Chicago or New York that charge double the price. Come to see them.

Our stock of Men's Shoes is the largest in Richmond, and we save you 50 cents to \$1 on every pair.

Covington & Banks,

Richmond, Kentucky.

T. C. LOWRY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Richmond, Ky.

OFFICE IN MOBERLEY BUILDING—MAIN STREET.
Collections and Real Estate a Specialty.

FOR SALE!

Two Fine
Kitchen Cabinets
\$12 EACH.

At COLLEGE SHOP

MEAT MARKET.

I have re-opened the Meat Market on Main Street. Fresh Meats, Dressed Poultry, and Vegetables in Season.

M. B. RAMSEY, Berea, Ky.

Three Years
in Richmond,

And out of all the sets of teeth that have been made at my office, if there is one set or any sets that show any defects, I will make a new set free. We are making the best set of teeth in the world for \$7.50, and if defects show in five years we give you a new set free. This applies to all the teeth I have made or am going to make the best alloy fills in the world at 75 cents.

DR. HOBSON, Dentist.

Permanently located in the Hobson Building—next door to Government Building.

Richmond, Kentucky.

Reference, Richmond National Bank. Special Price to Students.

INVEST WITH

The Ideal Realty & Guarantee Co.

BETTER (RESERVE CONTRACTS)

Than any other company doing business in the State. Those seeking honest, legitimate investments will receive our most cordial and thorough attention.

DR. C. E. SMOOT, Pres. S. M. TUDOR, Sec. & Gen. Mgr.
J. S. CRUTCHER, Treas.

Capital Stock, \$10,000.

HOME OFFICE, RICHMOND KY.

FINE FURNITURE SALE!

It will be to your interest to inspect our stock before your buy. We have the goods and will certainly meet your views as to prices. Hardwood, Oak and Mahogany Bedroom Suites, Iron Beds and Couches at special bargain prices during the month. Everything in the Furniture Line.

Great Sale on Carpets and Rugs for Cash.

We invite all our Berea Friends and all Citizen subscribers to call and inspect before making purchases.

UNDERTAKING A SPECIALTY.

Day Phone, 73. Night Phone, 66. JO. S. JOPLIN, Richmond, Ky.

Fall and Winter

WE ANTICIPATE to-day our wants and needs for tomorrow. WE ANTICIPATE in the Fall our wants in Shoes and Furnishings Goods. We have ANTICIPATED your wants, and are ready to supply them from a large and complete stock.

Men's and Boys Shoes, Heavy Boots, Booties, Felt and Rubber Boots, Underwear, Neckwear, Socks, Gloves, Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, Rain Coats.

You will find us complete in STYLE, QUALITY, and PRICE, and will save you money, which is the greatest anticipation of all.

DOUGLAS & CRUTCHER

207 West Main Street, RICHMOND, KY.

Mr. Geo. W. Pow is our BEREa AGENT, and has a line of our samples. Goods can be had of him at the same price as charged in Our Store at Richmond.

THE CITIZEN

A Weekly Newspaper.

BEREA, KENTUCKY.

BEREA COLLEGE AND THE NEGRO.

There has been so much misunderstanding, if not misrepresentation, besides curiosity, regarding the position of Berea College towards people of color that it may be well to give a brief statement of facts.

First, Berea was founded before the Civil War, and had a large attendance of white students. The first colored students were received in 1865. The colored constitute a small minority in the school. There has never been any occasion for lowering the standard of scholarship to adapt it to them.

Second, Berea is not in any way peculiar in this matter. On the contrary any school of high grade which excludes the Negro is peculiar. Harvard, the oldest college in America admits Negroes. Yale, which has just celebrated its 200th anniversary, admits Negroes. Chicago University, the most rapidly growing institution in the United States, admits Negroes. Columbia, the richest institution in the United States, admits Negroes. The same is true of all the greater State universities. The President of the largest Methodist school in the world recently wrote, "If Berea College suffers in any degree because of its Christian principles on this point, I hope it is receiving full compensation, and more, for such loss in the gain of esteem and respect in the minds of the nobler and better public that knows and honors its record."

Third, it is a matter of Christian principle with all these great institutions to treat a colored man exactly as they would treat a white man of the same character. Please notice that each man ought to be treated according to what he has made of himself. If he is dirty or immoral—white or black—he is to be condemned; if he has made himself honorable and respectable he should be respected. We should not despise or discourage a man because he is lame, or because he is black. Queen Victoria and President Roosevelt represent the two greatest nations of the world in acting on this principle.

Fourth, in fact a true Christian will take pains to help and encourage any man who is lame or black, or who has any other misfortune for which he is not to blame. Jesus Christ taught us that He cares for all unfortunate. "Inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these, my brethren, ye have done it unto me," he says. He stood up for the despised Samaritans, and it is for his sake that Berea ministers to those who are despised in our time.

Fifth, the Negro has abundantly earned recognition as a man. His mind develops under education, and even untrained often shows large ability. His fidelity to his master's family in the Civil War showed his goodness of heart; and his services in both the Civil War and the Spanish War showed his courage and patriotism.

Sixth, this does not mean that we should favor intermarriage. It seems strange to us that so many people bring that up. We do not favor intermarriage with any other race, the Jews, or the Russians, for example. We do stand for moral purity and virtue, and there have been fewer mulatto children born in the region which Berea influences than in any other part of the South.

Seventh, the course which Berea has pursued for so many years has greatly benefited the whole Commonwealth. The school has been of a strictly high grade. Evidences of good moral character have been required from every person admitted. Negroes have been encouraged to improve themselves and taught self-respect. The colored schools have been improved. White people have been emancipated from unreasonable prejudice. Peace and prosperity have been promoted. And none of the bad results which were predicted have come to pass. Some people still rail at Berea, but when one asks them what the fruits have been they can only say that Berea has done good to all classes. The prejudice against Berea was somewhat natural in a region once cursed by human slavery, and among people who have never traveled beyond their own narrow horizon, but that prejudice has almost wholly passed away.

Eighth, while these are the principles held by all the teachers at Berea we do not require every student to see things exactly in this way. No one can object to working in the same class with a colored boy more than to working in the same field with him! It is a rare thing for a colored student to be obtrusive, or a white student overbearing, and one who is thoughtful in such ways soon learns better. White and colored students never room together, and there is no social compulsion. Each student is free to select his own company.

Berea's way is sensible and Christian, and it is the way approved by the great majority of the best people in the world.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Mrs. Lydia Coyle is quite ill. Leon Lewis is visiting his parents. Jas. P. Bicknell was at Richmond, Monday.

Willie Peters came from Hamilton, Ohio, to vote.

Albert Reynolds, of Booneville, is visiting in Berea.

T. G. Pasco came home from Cumberland Gap to vote.

Miss Hattie Laine is the guest of the Misses Bratcher.

Miss May Richardson entertained a Halloween party.

Mrs. Donahay left Monday for her home in Toledo, Ohio.

The College Boarding Hall is unusually full and popular this fall.

Sam Mason has purchased the A. T. Robinson farm, near Wallaceeton.

Miss China Coyle, of Jackson County, is her with her grandmother.

Brother R. H. Hogan weighs 213 pounds according to the meat market scales.

Mrs. Lizzie Dargavel, of Lexington, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Cinda Baker.

Prof. C. Rexford Raymond came in from an extended mountain trip Tuesday.

Miss Eloise J. Partridge, who has been visiting in Perry County, returned Monday.

Dr. Burgess has gone out on a mountain trip. He will be gone a week or more.

J. W. Hoskins sold his stock of dry goods to Geo. W. Purkey, who has moved it to Disputanta.

Mr. Henry L. Northern, of Scaffold Cane, gave Brother Dodwell a winter pear which weighed 23 ounces.

T. A. Robinson is to move back to Main Street and will occupy one side of Dr. Cornelius' drug-store.

Bert Ramsey was accidentally thrown from his wagon, and severely hurt, last Monday at Burdette's mill.

Next Saturday afternoon the "Varsities" of Berea will meet the Cincinnati team on the "gridiron" in Lincoln Field.

C. C. Rhodus will move from his present stand to the store on the corner of Main St., now occupied by B. F. Tankersley.

Mike Reynolds came in on Tuesday and ordered THE CITIZEN to visit him weekly at Hamilton, O. He was here for the election.

Miss Mary Barker entertained a number of friends at Ladies' Hall, Saturday evening, it being the anniversary of her birth.

Every householder who has rooms to rent should apply to Treas. Osborne (office hours between chapel and dinner) at once.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Prather, of Richmond, have been here on a visit to the parents of Mrs. Prather, Mr. and Mrs. H. Golden.

Mrs. Lou Hanson, Mrs. Hardin Golden and Mrs. Frank Hayes attended the State W. C. T. U. Convention, at Paris, last week.

Houses to rent for the Winter will soon be all taken. Treas. Osborne has a few for people who wish to send children to school.

J. W. Hoskins sold the Star Hotel and store to his son Green C. Hoskins. B. F. Tankersley has rented the property for one year at a rental of \$15 a month.

Geo. W. Camp, who is teaching at Mt. Vernon, was here Tuesday. Mr. Camp's school will close next Thursday, when he will go to Jenifer, Ala., to visit his parents.

Celery will do well here under proper culture. Bro. Dodwell grew a small bed of it on Mr. Kirby's place on Center Street, and has some stalks fully thirty inches long.

Nearly every room in both Howard and Ladies' Hall is engaged for the Winter Term, and students who apply will now be assigned rooms in the new buildings or in private houses.

Hog Lost.—A young sow, color, black with a few white spots; marks, crop off right ear and tail cropped; will weigh about 175 pounds. A liberal reward will be paid for the return of the hog by Fayette Sigmon, Berea.

Mrs. Southworth, Miss Southworth, Miss Jenks, Kenneth Alcott and Mrs. Dodwell spent Friday and Saturday on Clear Creek, at Mason Anglin's, the guests of Miss Nannie Anglin. They report a most enjoyable visit.

The Y. M. C. A. week of prayer commences next Sunday night at 6 o'clock. The meetings will be held

nightly in Phi Delta Hall. Please unite your prayers with ours for an out pouring of the Holy Spirit upon our association and the college.

Our Telephone Exchange has been thoroughly overhauled, and a new switchboard of over 100 drops installed, long distance phones are all about town, quite a number of new subscribers have been secured, and in all probability Miss Elta Moore will be day operator. There will be a night service also.

A FREE PASS.

Mr. Bennett, of Chicago, is to give three of his superb lectures on travel, illustrated by the best stereopticon pictures ever seen in Berea. A free lecture upon Egypt, The Land of Pharaoh, Sunday night, Nov. 17th, followed by others on Switzerland, The Mountain Republic, and Washington, our Federal City. The lecture Sunday night is free.

A DEFINITE CONTRACT

Nothing estimated;
Nothing speculated;
Not words, but deeds;

Every result guaranteed,
that's what a policy in

The Mutual Life Insurance Company of Kentucky

18, and that's what a "whole lot" of other insurance policies ARE NOT. Suppose you give a HOME COMPANY a trial—a company with over \$1,000,000 assets and over \$200,000 surplus—bearing in mind that its policies are INCONTESTABLE from date of issue. Let's talk it over. Call or write.

W. H. PORTER, District Agent
Berea Banking Company,
Berea, Ky.

J. C. BECK, Jr., Special Agent,
State Bank and Trust Bldg.,
Richmond, Ky.

OFFICIAL VOTE OF BEREA PRECINCT IN COUNTY ELECTION.

For Representative.....	Searcy.....47	Harris.....158
" County Judge.....	Turpin.....40	Million.....159
" " Atty.....	Tevis Cobb.....41	Lilly.....159
" " Clerk.....	Jesse Cobb.....42	Hendren.....159
" Sheriff.....	Wagers.....40	West.....161
" Jailor.....	Lackey.....38	Young.....161
" Assessor.....	Noland.....36	Moore.....163
" Coroner.....	Samuels.....36	Walker.....162
" School Supt.....	Wagers.....39	Carpenter.....163
" Surveyor.....	Rock.....37	Parrish.....160
" Magistrate.....	Lunsford.....166	
" Constable.....	Gabbard.....165	

"Last winter an infant child of mine had croup in a violent form," says Elder John W. Rogers, a Christian Evangelist, of Filley, Mo. "I gave her a few doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and in a short time all danger was past and the child recovered." This remedy not only cures croup, but when given as soon as the first symptoms appear, will prevent the attack. It contains no opium or other harmful substance and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. For sale by S. E. Welch, Jr.

FOREST FIRES!

CAUTION.

So far this fall we have not suffered much from Forest Fires. Let us all be on the lookout to prevent any damage in this direction this year. Everything is very dry, leaves are falling, and a very small spark may cause much loss of property and even loss of life if allowed to fall among leaves or stubble. Be careful.

WILLIAM MCKINLEY

HIS LIFE AND WORK,

BY GEN. CHARLES S. GROSVENOR.
President's life-long friend. Comrade in war and colleague in Congress. Was near his side with other great men when his eyes were closed in death. Followed the bier to the National Capitol and to Canton. The General requires a share of the proceeds of his book to be devoted to a McKinley Monument Fund. This every subscriber becomes a contributor to this fund. Millions of copies will be sold. Everybody will buy it. Orders for the asking. Nobody will refuse. Elegant Photographs of President McKinley's last picture taken in the White House. You can easily and quickly clear \$1,000 taking orders. Order outfit quick. Chance to prove success. Secure yearly contract and become Manager. Send 12 2-cent stamps for elegant prospectus. Taking 10 to 50 orders daily. 50,000 copies will be sold in this vicinity.
Address:
THE CONTINENTAL ASSEMBLY,
Corcoran Bldg., Opp. U. S. Treasury,
Washington, D. C.

OFFICIAL RETURNS.

Town Election, Tues., Nov. 5, 1901

FOR POLICE JUDGE.
John L. Gay.....136 votes
E. T. Fish.....72 "

FOR TOWN MARSHALL.
W. J. Tatum.....132 votes
H. K. Richardson.....70 "

FOR TOWN TRUSTEES.
S. E. Welch.....100 votes
Josiah Burdette.....130 "

J. W. Stephens.....117 "
W. R. Gabbard.....106 "

T. J. Osborne.....116 "
R. W. Todd.....84 "

L. V. Dodge.....82 "
James Stigall.....73 "

R. G. Ramsey.....68 "
J. J. Braunman.....79 "

The full Republican ticket was elected.

MADISON COUNTY.

Monday was county court day, and also had the distinction of being the day before the election, and of course the whole county turned out to discuss the election and other questions and for once county court day was only incidental. Norris Bros. report about 500 head of cattle on the market at their stock yards, and prices ranging from 2 to 4 cents. There were about the same number reported at the Embury yards, with prices about the same. There were about 250 mules on the market, and prices ranged from \$30 to \$100. A number of horses were offered but the market was dull.—Pantagraph.

In the Glade Magisterial District, composed of Berea, Clay Lick and Duncannon precincts, Rev. J. W. Lunsford was elected magistrate. In the Yates District, composed of Blue Lick and Kingston precincts, W. A. Johnson was elected magistrate.

Up to the hour of going to press we have not been able to get official returns of the election in Madison County. Enough, however, is known to satisfy us that the County has gone Democratic. It is reported that Hon. C. L. Searcy's majority over Mr. Harris is between 500 and 600. The smallest majorities were those of sheriff and jailer.

The Mormons are still trying to make converts among people who are not posted. Write THE CITIZEN for full exposure of their deceptions.

RAISING YOUNG TURKEYS.

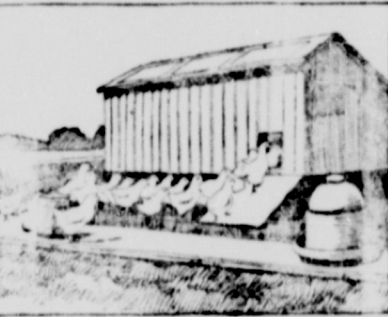
A Few Practical Suggestions From a Successful Breeder.

The question confronting a poultry raiser at present is, "How can I manage my turkeys so as to reduce the death rate of my young flock?" First of all the breeders must be healthy, strong, vigorous and well mated birds, without which you can only expect weakly poults. I have hatched turkeys both by chicken and turkey hens, and of course those with the natural mothers grow faster, but I prefer the chicken hen, as the chicken always comes home to roost, and the turkey roosts wherever night may overtake her. The poults are always tamer with chicken mothers, as a turkey hen is always shy when with the young and is apt to cultivate the already wild nature in the young by her shyness and, not having a certain place to roost, cultivates bad habits in the poults. When the poults are hatched, if by turkey and she is not cross, remove poults as soon as hatched to give room for hatching eggs, but if cross let her alone, as she will only trample and kill the young. When the hen is through hatching, give her a reasonable number only and place her in a clean coop on high, dry ground and make a small yard for poults, so that they cannot stray away from the mother for about three days or until they learn to follow. Grease the mother hen on breast and under the wings and grease the poults on heads to kill lice, if any. Five drops of carbolic acid to a teacupful of water is sure to kill lice, but care should be exercised not to be too liberal with the grease, for too much is also death to the poults. Always look out for lice on neck, vents and quill feathers in wing, using the above carbolic acid and grease every two weeks on quill feathers on top of wing. A liberal supply here will not hurt. Remember that nine-tenths of the young die from lice and overcast. Cleanliness is also very essential in raising. No filth whatever should be allowed to accumulate.

Young poults should not be fed for 36 hours after hatching; then give plenty of sweet milk in such a manner as they can wet the beaks merely turkeys will live and thrive on sweet milk like kittens and well cooked corn bread soaked in sweet milk and squeezed dry. Mix enough for one meal only, as turkeys do not want any sour old feed. Milk curd, oat groat, millet seed and onion tops are also excellent. Be careful and not overfeed, as it is a great deal worse than to underfeed. More turkeys die because they have too much to eat rather than not enough. When allowed free range, they will pick up all feed necessary and therefore only need enough to make them appreciate home and be gentle. Avoid all dampness, as it is nearly always fatal. High, dry and clean quarters, free from lice, with sunshine for a tone and not too much feed will always raise good, healthy turkeys.—Woodlawn Poultry Yards.

and the drop door, which is larger than the opening, serves for an entrance platform when the coop sets higher than the ground in front.

The illustration shows a brood coop that is good for chicks or ducks. It is lighted in the short side of the roof by windows made of one pane of glass.



Feeding Little Chicks.
It seems to matter little what kind of food we give as long as it is rich in the elements of growth and the chicks keep in the right condition—in fact, we ought to feed as much of a variety as possible. I am feeding my brooder chicks this season oatmeal the first few days and saw cornmeal with about one-eighth part animal meal mixed with a little cold water and lots of hard-boiled eggs. I had several hundred infernal chicks, and they make fine food for chicks if one is careful not to feed enough to constipate them. With hens I have to omit the oatmeal, for, although it is the best food for chicks, it is too expensive food for even the chicks after 4 days old, and some mother hens eat more than the chicks. I have generally fed bread soaked in water or milk when it could be had, mixing in chopped boiled eggs, animal and Indian meal at times, for the first few days, and baked corn cobs crumbled fine, and drank in Poultry Monthly.

Pinfeathers.
Never omit to keep a record of the product of the poultry yards. A showing of what is done there is sure to make converts to poultry keeping.
Above the door of every poultry house should be written this motto: "Utility is the science and beauty the art of poultry raising."

Every poultryman can provide shade for his birds even if he can do no better than to plant sunflowers. It is absolutely necessary for young chicks to have a cool shelter from the hot rays of the sun.
Go quietly among the fowls and you will succeed better with the young chicks. The quiet hen will hatch better and make a better mother. Some say, "Give me the hen that will fight for her chicks," but not so. She will rush about and trample her own in her excitement; so keep the hen quiet if you would raise many chicks.

A Judicial View of Saloons.
The beerhouse is a nucleus of every thing that is criminal and vicious.—Judge Travis.

LIQUOR TRADE STATISTICS.

An Array of Figures That Should Prove Productive of Thought.

Analyzing data relating to the liquor business, The Corn Belt says: "There are 199,729 persons holding licenses granted by the states of the United States to sell spirituous liquors, an increase from 195,964 on Jan. 1, 1899. In addition to these there are 12,927 persons licensed to sell malt liquors only, an increase of 244 from the previous year, making a total of 212,656 retail liquor dealers in the United States, 4,121 more than in 1898. There are 4,496 persons licensed as wholesale dealers, 1,959 brewers and 1,997 rectifiers, making a total of 220,518 licenses granted for the manufacture and sale of liquor.

"It is fair to estimate that at least three persons are employed under every license. This is undoubtedly a small average, because some of the brewers and distillers employ several thousand men, but even at that rate there are less than 661,554 persons engaged in the manufacture and sale of liquor in the United States. Estimating the population of the country at 75,000,000, this would make an average of one liquor seller to every 114 of the population.

"During the last year 25,292,901 bushels of grain and 2,198,513 gallons of molasses were used for the manufacture of liquor in this country, which produced 107,618,129 gallons of spirits and 1,657,898 gallons of rum, making a total of 109,275,928 gallons."

"THE BASEST OUTLAW."

Some Strong Words From Michigan Concerning the Saloon.

The Michigan Christian Advocate, under the title, "A Protected Fiend," comments upon the eternal and inevitable lawlessness of the saloon and points to the outbreak at Owosso recently as illustrating its assertions. It says:

"The liquor traffic is the basest outlaw ever tolerated in a civilized country. It raises up a class of men who consider themselves amenable to no authority and justified in resisting even by violent methods all attempts to restrain them in their unlawful operations. Murder, assault, dynamite outrages, bullying, bluff, mobs and other criminal practices are resorted to whenever attempts are made to eradicate the saloon or even to confine its deleterious work to the limits of the law.

"Any community can have a mob on its hands by undertaking to enforce the prohibitory features of the liquor law. No community will venture to cope with the monster unless strong and fearless citizens who count not their lives and property dear unto themselves stand ready to lead the van. As a rule influential men in every community prefer social quiet to tumult and would rather let the saloon, like a mad wolf, go free than to undertake to corral it or destroy it.

Whisky Does Not Kill Bacteria.

A particular fallacy is that cherished by many as to the efficacy of whisky or brandy as a germ killer when added to water supposed to be infected. The whisky is assumed to sterilize the water and make it germ free. This it is declared, is absolutely untrue. Whisky will do nothing of the kind. It is quite certain that microbes can live and thrive in the ordinary mixed drink of whisky and water, the average amount of alcohol in a tumblerful of whisky and water, in the proportion usually adopted, being not more than 10 or 11 per cent. Bacteriological investigations have shown that most germs are not affected by a liquid containing 22 per cent of alcohol, while their corresponding spores are unharmed in 83 per cent alcohol. Accoholic drinks, therefore, cannot be regarded as effectual destroyers of microbe life.—Leslie's Weekly.

A Plea For Enthusiasm.

Never in the world's history has the subject of temperance received so much attention as at the present, says Christian Work. New methods are being employed, and greater victories are being achieved. Public sentiment is rising like a mighty tidal wave that threatens to sweep the traffic out of existence. Let us rally with new courage, fresh strength and abounding enthusiasm and send the cause forward with a shout, spread our literature, plan new meetings, follow up every point of vantage, be sweet spirited, insistent, practical, believing. This is God's work, and it shall triumph gloriously. Be not slow nor faithless nor fearful nor asleep. Let not the enemy take you unaware. Keep him on the defensive. Let your actions outrun your words.

Milwaukee Private Barrooms.

The Milwaukee Sentinel is authority for the statement that the latest innovation in that city is the "private residence barroom." All the attractive furnishings of the best fitted up saloons are adapted for this purpose, and the only noticeable difference between the "home" barroom and the ordinary one is that there is no license on the wall of the former. Photographs of this latest creation for the worship of Gambrinus are published.

A Legal Opinion.

We cannot shut out of view the fact within the knowledge of all that the public health, the public morals and the public safety may be endangered by the general use of intoxicating drinks nor the fact established by statistics accessible to every one that the disorder, pauperism and crime prevalent in the country are in some degree at least traceable to this evil.—United States Supreme Court.

A Judicial View of Saloons.

The beerhouse is a nucleus of every thing that is criminal and vicious.—Judge Travis.

THE MARKETS.

AS REPORTED BY
A. G. NORMAN & CO.
CINCINNATI, NOV. 6.

CATTLE—Common.....	\$1.65 @ \$2.75
Butchers.....	4.15 @ 4.85
Shippers.....	4.50 @ 5.25
CALVES—Choice.....	5.00 @ 6.00
Large Common.....	3.00 @ 4.00
HOGS—Common.....	3.75 @ 5.75
Fair, good light.....	5.50 @ 5.80
Packing.....	5.75 @ 6.00
SHEEP—Good to choice.....	2.25 @ 2.75
Common to fair.....	1.00 @ 2.00
LAMBS—Good to choice.....	3.25 @ 4.10
Common to fair.....	2.00 @ 3.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	74 1/2
No. 2 mixed.....	60 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	38 @ 39
RYE—No. 2.....	56 @ 57
FLOUR—Winter patent.....	3.35 @ 3.75
Family.....	2.95 @ 3.20
MILL FEED.....	17.00 @ 19.50
HAY—No. 1 Timothy.....	13.00 @ 13.25
No. 2.....	10.50 @ 11.00
No. 1 Clover.....	9.50 @ 10.00
No. 2.....	7.50 @ 8.00
POULTRY—	
Springers per lb.....	7 1/2
Heavy hens.....	6 1/2
Roosters.....	3 1/2
Turkey hens.....	7 1/2
Spring Turkeys.....	6 1/2
Ducks.....	7 1/2
Eggs—Fresh near by.....	18
Goose.....	18
HIDES—Wet salted.....	7 1/2 @ 8 1/2
No. 1 dry salt.....	9 @ 10
Bull.....	6 1/2 @ 7 1/2
Sheep skins.....	40 @ 50
TALLOW—Prime city.....	5 1/2 @ 5 3/4
Country.....	4 1/2 @ 5 1/4
WOOL—Unwashed.....	16 @ 17
medium combing.....	21 @ 22
Washed long.....	22 @ 23
Tub washed.....	22 @ 23
FEATHERS—	
Geese, new nearly white.....	44
gray to average.....	38 @ 42
Duck, colored to white.....	28 @ 35
Chicken, white quills.....	15
Turkey, body dry.....	12 @ 15

Necessary Expenses for Twelve Weeks' School.

Persons who board themselves can spend much or little as they choose on living expenses. It pays to have a little extra money for lessons, books, and other things. But the necessary expenses are only as follows:

To pay the first day.....	HOWARD.....	LADY.....
School.....	10.00	10.00
Incidental Fee.....	2.50	2.50
ES.....	4.50	4.50
Hospital Fee.....	2.00	2.00
Books, etc., about.....	2.00	2.00
General Deposit.....	1.00	1.00
Room (store, table, etc.).....	2.00	2.00
Food and oil.....	2.50	2.50
Rent of Laundry.....	5.00	5.00
First Month's Board.....	5.00	5.00
Living.....	17.25	18.75
ES.....	17.25	18.75
To pay during the term.....	1.00	1.00
Laundry.....	1.00	1.00
Beginning 2d Mo., Board.....	5.00	5.00
Beginning 3d Mo., Board.....	5.00	5.00
Gen'l Deposit returned.....	28.75	28.75
Gen'l Deposit returned.....	1.00	1.00
Total Expense, 12 Weeks.....	77.75	77.75

For those below A Grammar deduct the \$2.50 for books, and \$1.00 for incidental fee, making the total only \$74.25.

When four girls room together each saves \$1.00 a room, and \$2.00 on fuel making the total only \$72.75, if classed below A Grammar.

Fuel is 30 cents more in Winter and 30 cents less in Spring term.

Two rooms for housekeeping, with stove, etc., can usually be rented for from \$4 to \$6 a term.

The price of a big calf, a little tan-bark, or a few home-spun bed-covers, will give a term of school which will change one's whole life for the better!

One person out of every 739 in Michigan is pursuing a collegiate education either in their own or outside colleges or universities.

Jumped on a Ten Penny Nail.

The little daughter of Mr. J. N. Powell jumped on an inverted rake made of ten penny nails, and thrust one nail entirely through her foot and a second one half way through Chamberlain's Pain Balm was promptly applied and five minutes later the pain had disappeared and no more suffering was experienced. In three days the child was wearing her shoes as usual and with absolutely no discomfort. Mr. Powell is a well known merchant of Forkland, Va. Pain Balm is an antiseptic and heals such injuries without maturation and in one third the time required by the usual treatment. For sale by S. E. Welch, Jr.

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THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

LESSON VI, FOURTH QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, NOV. 10.

Text of the Lesson, Ex. 1, 1-14—Memory Verses, S. D. 13—Golden Text, Ex. 11, 24—Commentary Prepared by the Rev. D. M. Stearns.

(Copyright, 1901, by American Press Association.)

1. "Now these are the names of the children of Israel which came into Egypt." He led them into Egypt, knowing that it would be for them a house of bondage, an iron furnace (Deut. x, 29; xl, 12). He foresaw everything and told Abraham that his seed should be afflicted in a strange land (Gen. xv, 13, 14) and that afterward He would bring them out with great substance. He permits His people to be tried that He may be glorified in them and that He may show His mighty power, that people may know the hand of the Lord that it is mighty and may reverence Him (Joshua iv, 24; 1 Kings xiv, 2, 43; 11 Kings xix, 19). The records of names throughout the Bible are a think of our Lord's words to the 70 in Luke x, 20, that they should rejoice rather than their names were written in heaven than in being able to work wonders. The Bible contains the names of bad as well as good people, but the Lamb's book of life has only the names of those redeemed by His blood (Rev. xxi, 27; xx, 15; xiii, 8). Happy are all who hear Him say: "Fear not, for I have redeemed thee. I have called thee by thy name. Thou art Mine" (Isa. xlii, 1).

2. These are the names of the 11 sons, besides Joseph, whom God gave to Jacob. The order in which these names are given varies greatly. Here the first six are Leah's sons, Benjamin with Joseph were given to Rachel. The last four were given to Bilhah and Zilpah, the maids of Rachel and Leah. We must recognize Israel everywhere in Scripture either as Jacob personally or the descendants of Jacob through these sons. No others have any right to the name. A very high honor yet awaits them, inasmuch as their names are to be written on the 12 gates of pearl of the New Jerusalem (Rev. xxi, 12, 21), not by virtue of any merit in them, but only by the blood of Christ, in whom alone is salvation. The significance of these names according to the margin of Gen. xxxix and xxxv—Reuben, see a son; Simon, hearing; Levi, joined; Judah, praise; Issachar, hire; Zebulun, dwelling; Benjamin, son of the right hand (xxxv, 18); Dan, judging; Naphtali, wrestling; Gad, a troop; Asher, happy, which, paraphrased, might read, thinking of Christ and our relation to Him.

3. "Seventy souls." Compare Deut. x, 22; also Gen. xlii, 26, 27, where Jacob and Joseph and his two sons, added to the 65, make up the 70. We are reminded of the 70 nations of Gen. x, among whom the earth was divided according to the number of the children of Israel (Deut. xxxii, 8), and also of the other 70 whom the Lord sent forth (Luke x, 1) into every city and place whither He would come. As Abraham, Isaac, Jacob and Joseph passed through trial and much patient waiting, so must all Israel, and so must every disciple of the Lord Jesus Christ.

4. "And Joseph died and all his brethren and all that generation." All who died as Joseph did, with a firm faith in God and reliance upon the great sacrifice for sin, gained by their dying, and a greater gain awaits them at the resurrection of the just (Phil. i, 21, 23; Luke xiv, 14; Rev. xxi, 6). To a child of God absent from the body means present with the Lord, and there is no funeral or grave for the redeemed.

5. "And the children of Israel were fruitful and increased abundantly, and multiplied and waxed exceeding mighty, and the land was filled with them." God had said to Jacob when he was leaving Canaan, "Fear not to go down to Egypt, for I will there make of thee a great nation" (Gen. xlii, 3), and all His promises are sure, for He is the God of Truth, literally, the God Amen (Isa. lvi, 16). The blessing of the Lord was upon them, and that was everything, for toil without that accomplishes nothing, but that without toil maketh rich indeed (Prov. x, 22; R. V.).

6. "Now there arose up a new king over Egypt, which knew not Joseph." Neither did he know the Lord of Joseph, for he talked about dealing wisely with Israel so that they might not multiply, and he did his best, by taskmasters who afflicted them with heavy burdens, to keep them from multiplying, but the counsel of the Lord standeth forever, the thoughts of His heart to all generations. The Lord bringeth the counsel of the heathen to naught. He maketh the devices of the people of none effect (Ps. xxxiii, 10, 11).

7. "But the more they afflicted them the more they multiplied and grew, and they were grievously afflicted by the children of Israel." Every purpose of the Lord shall be performed, and He says, "I will work, and who shall let or hinder me?" (Jer. li, 29; Isa. xliii, 13). The Lord of Hosts hath sworn, saying, Surely as I have thought so shall it come to pass, and as I have purposed so shall it stand (Isa. xiv, 24). The enemies of God may associate themselves and gird themselves and take counsel together, but it shall come to naught, and they shall be broken in pieces (Isa. vii, 9, 10).

8. "Made to serve with rigor, made bitter with hard bondage—these are statements concerning the Israelites to live, yet under a life like that they prospered, for God was with them. True prosperity does not consist of freedom from trial, but of God's presence and blessing in the trial. David, persecuted and fleeing for his life from Saul, was truly prosperous, for Saul was not. Daniel and his friends prospered in the lions' den and in the fiery furnace, but their enemies did not prosper. However severe our trials may be, there hath no trial taken us but that which is common to man, and God is faithful, who will not suffer us to be tried above that we are able, but will with the trial make a way of escape that we may be able to bear it (1 Cor. x, 13). Those who are not the children of God often prosper in this world and have comparatively few trials. "These are the ungodly who prosper in the world. They increase in riches; they are not in trouble as other men; neither are they plagued like other men" (Ps. lxxiii, 5, 12). When we turn our backs on the prince of this world, then he will seek to make us know his hatred, and we shall find the contention with the world, the flesh and the devil often very severe. It will seem a hard bondage, and our lives may be made very bitter, but He will deliver in His time and meanwhile give us grace.

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MALCOM KIRK.

A Tale of Moral Heroism In Overcoming the World.

By CHARLES M. SHELTON, Author of "In His Steps," "Crucifixion of Philip Strong," "Robert Hardy's Seven Days."

(Copyright, 1900, by the Advance Publishing Co.)

"Father!" cried Faith, and the next minute she was in his arms, sobbing and exclaiming. Then she stepped back, a little ashamed of her sudden outburst as she remembered the presence of the two men behind her, but she kept hold of Malcom's hand and drew him into the studio.

"How do you come here, father? We had no idea!"

"It's not a long story, my dear," said Malcom.

"Mr. Raleigh, how do you do? It's a long time since I saw you on the deck of that steamer." Malcom pointed to the picture, and still his great brown eyes rested on Malcom Stanley, who was standing there pale and excited.

Raleigh took Kirk's hand and shook it heartily. He then turned quickly to Stanley.

"You ought to know this gentleman, Mr. Kirk. You met him before I did." Kirk stepped toward Stanley. Both men were deeply moved.

"You were with my mother when she died, Mr. Kirk," said Stanley in a voice that trembled a little.

"If we were Russians, we would embrace each other now," cried Malcom Kirk, "but as you are an Englishman and I am an American I suppose a handshake is the nearest we can get to it."

As he said it he grasped Stanley's big palm, which went out to meet his, and Raleigh said afterward he was sure he heard the bones snap, but neither man winced.

"The heart goes with it," said Malcom Stanley, admiring Kirk out of his honest face with a loving look.

Kirk drew back a little and gazed at the stalwart young figure. Then he glanced at the painting.

"I would not like to take the contract of holding you in my arms now, as I did then. But, as I remember, you were a very good baby."

"So he is now," said Raleigh, who had turned his face toward the easel to hide his emotion.

That made Faith laugh, and the rest joined her, and the tension of feeling broke, and they all grew more at ease. For several minutes questions and answers flew fast in the now darkening studio.

"Father, you must give an account of yourself. The rest of us know how we came to be here. But your presence is a mystery!" said Faith, drawing up closer to him.

"Well, my dear, it was your letter that brought me."

"My letter?"

"Yes, the one you wrote Sunday. Your mother was very anxious about you. You did not mean to tell us, but we read between the lines that you were having 'experiences,' as you call them. Besides, a check came for one of my stories that morning, and I felt the need of a little vacation and came on to Chicago to study the 'hired girl problem' and other sociological experiments."

Faith laughed. Then she passed her hand over her father's sleeve.

"I do believe you have gone and bought a new overcoat! You aren't going to be sick, are you, father? Are you feeling all right in your mind?"

"Your mother made me promise that I would get one as soon as I reached the city," said Malcom, a little sheepishly. "It only cost \$8.50. That was one reason I was late getting around to the Fulton's. The train was delayed by an accident too."

"Eight dollars and a half," muttered Faith with some indignation. But the thought of the father and his love for her that had brought him to the city softened her indignation. She clung to him closer, and the other men looked at father and daughter with great interest.

"But how did you happen to know I was here?" asked Faith suddenly.

"I didn't, but when I called at the Fulton's Mr. Stanley had just gone. Mrs. Fulton told me who he was, and confessed that she had no idea that you were in any way connected with

the story of Stanley's life. She said he told her he expected to be at the studio this afternoon. No one knew where you had gone, and so I came down here to find him, intending to go back to the Fulton's by the time you returned."

"It's all simple enough, isn't it?" said Malcom Stanley thoughtfully.

"Yes," said Faith. Then she suddenly remembered that she was a "hired girl," having a Thursday afternoon out.

"Father, I must be getting back to the Fulton's. They cannot live without me. Put that down in your sociological notes on the 'hired girl problem'—that no matter how low in the scale the 'hired girl' may be she is really of first importance for the comfort and happiness of thousands of the best families in the land."

"That's true. Why isn't there some way, then, to elevate and dignify the service?" asked Malcom Kirk, who seemed ready to discuss the problem seriously.

"No, no, father; we can't stop to reform the world right here. It is too late. Do you want your daughter to be scolded for not getting dinner in time?"

"I am going back with you," said her father, rising.

Then he turned toward Stanley, who was looking a little anxiously at father and daughter.

"Come, Stanley, I'll take the liberty of asking you to come with us. Mrs. Fulton said you might return this evening anyway. We haven't had our talk out, and I will be responsible for the consequences of taking you out with us."

"I was planning to go," said Stanley, looking relieved. "I want to see Mr. Fulton again on business." He did not say that he wanted to see Faith.

"Come to think of it," said Raleigh suddenly, "I have an invitation myself to take dinner with the Fulton's to-night. Mrs. Raleigh is out of town, and Fulton asked me to come out and talk over a new art design he has received for the cover of his mining journal."

"But," cried Faith in some dismay, "do you three big men realize that I am the 'hired girl' at the Fulton's? Do you think I can possibly get a dinner ready at this time of the day for such appetites as I am sure you all have?"

There was a look of embarrassment on the faces of Raleigh and Stanley, but Malcom Kirk settled the matter by saying, as he took Faith's arm and led her out of the studio:

"Don't be alarmed, gentlemen! I will speak for the dinner. Faith can make a palatable dinner out of bread and water in some mysterious way, and if everything else is wanting we can feast on the remarkable events of this afternoon."

So they went out, laughing and talking, and as they took a carriage for Elms avenue, the driver engaging to get them there before 5 o'clock, there was no more happy, light hearted girl in the great city than Faith Kirk.

CHAPTER XIX. FAITH FINDS A MORE CONGENIAL POSITION.

That was the most remarkable company dinner that Mrs. Fulton ever knew in her house. Faith insisted on going to work as if nothing unusual had happened. By 7 o'clock everything was ready, and the company sat down. Malcom Stanley rubbed his eyes several times as Faith came in and removed the various courses and served with a quiet dignity that made its impression on every side. Mrs. Fulton was visibly embarrassed by the fact that the girl who was in her kitchen, her "help," was the daughter of Malcom Kirk, who was the author of such stories in the newspapers. Roy had discovered his authorship at once by asking him a leading question, and Malcom had not been able to conceal his identity. There was an unusual respect in the young gentleman's attitude toward the Kansas preacher, a respect, which, however, did not prevent him from eating the larger part of a dish of preserves unobserved during the general excitement of conversation.

Malcom Kirk looked proudly at Faith every time she came into the room, and the fact that she was there serving in household work did not disturb him or give him any false feeling of shame. Even Mrs. Fulton had a vague dawning of the fact of nobility in service that had been an unknown thing to her, although she could not help feeling astonished whenever she looked around the table and realized who her guests were.

After dinner was over Alice insisted on going out to help Faith. Her mother did not rebuke her, and Faith gratefully accepted her aid. When the work was all done, Mrs. Fulton came into the kitchen.

She was struggling with an unusual emotion, and it was not easy for her to say what she had prepared.

"Faith—Miss Kirk, of course—you must come into the parlor with us this evening. You ought to have told me who you were. I—I—perhaps, I have not treated you just right. I did not know."

"Don't say anything about that, ma'am," said Faith. "This experience has been worth a good deal to me. I'm afraid I've had some un-Christian thoughts about you."

"You do not need to say anything about that," said Mrs. Fulton hastily. Then she added in a tone that made Faith feel that she had been thinking a good deal of Faith's efficient service: "We shall not know how to get along without you. You have quite spoiled us for the average help."

"I'm glad if you've been pleased," replied Faith, and that was all that was said then, but the atmosphere between her and Mrs. Fulton cleared up wonderfully.

That evening was not soon forgotten

by the Fultons. The three guests had a good deal to say. All of them had seen a good deal of the world, and each, from his own point of view, was a fascinating talker. Mr. and Mrs. Fulton sat silent and intensely interested. Mr. Fulton quite forgot his business interests for awhile. Alice and Faith sat near together and listened breathlessly to one or two stories Malcom Stanley told very modestly about some genuine adventures in the mining districts of the African Transvaal. Roy, who was just beginning to devour books in much the same manner as he devoured pie, leaned his chin on his hands and his elbows on his knees.



"In other words," said Edward Blake, "you mean that I will have to lie?"

looking up at the three men who represented so much that was heroic to him.

But perhaps the one person who impressed the whole company most deeply was Malcom Kirk.

There was something so modest, yet so manly, so winsome in his genuine Christian sympathy in his whole manner, that even Mrs. Fulton was profoundly moved by it.

"I like that Mr. Kirk," she said to her husband that evening. And that meant a good deal for her.

Malcom and Stanley remained that night at the Fulton's at their urgent request, and in the morning after breakfast, while Mr. Fulton and Stanley were talking business in the library, Faith and her father held a conference in the parlor.

"I had planned to take you back home with me, my dear," said Malcom. "But Raleigh told me last night of his niece, Miss Varney, and said there was no doubt of your being able, with his recommendation, to secure a good position there. We want to do what is best in every way. Your mother is homesick for you too."

"Well, father, I feel as if I ought to stay in the city if I can really become a breadwinner. Let me try it awhile at the studio, and if I fail then I'll come home and spend the rest of my days cooking for you and the boys."

"How about your work here, Faith? Are you under promise to Mrs. Fulton to stay any length of time?"

"No, father. But I think it would be no more than fair for me to stay three or four weeks until Mrs. Fulton has time to work in some one else."

"I think so, too," replied Malcom, who in all his relations to others was always guided by the strictest sense of fairness and honor. "Do what is right in the matter. Better talk frankly with Mrs. Fulton about your plans, and let her feel that you are willing to stay as long as it is right."

When Mrs. Fulton came in, Malcom and Faith had a talk with her. The result of it was that Faith promised to remain, with Mrs. Fulton another month. Meanwhile she was to see Miss Varney, and if arrangements could be made she was to enter the studio at the end of the time of her service at the Fulton's. Mrs. Fulton was considerably surprised and a good deal pleased with the arrangement. It was a good deal more than she had supposed Malcom Kirk or his daughter would agree to do, but she did not know either of them as well as she did afterward.

Malcom Kirk spent a Sunday in Chicago, and Faith had the great delight of hearing him preach in the church, where she had gone to the evening service that eventful Sunday before. They took tea with the pastor that evening, and the next day Malcom started back to Conrad.

Malcom Stanley went with him. There was, if the truth must be told, a secret disappointment in the heart of the young Englishman that Faith was not going home too. But the two men said goodbye cheerily to Faith and were whirled out into the west, while Faith went back to her work with a brave heart, in spite of a little feeling of homesickness that crept over her at the sight of the two stalwart figures on the platform of the receding train.

Her relations with the Fultons were decidedly different now. She was careful not to presume in the least on the change in their thought of her, and when Mrs. Fulton asked her that day, if she would not sit down at the table with them she said she preferred not to, which was entirely true, for Faith believed that if she was to serve the family as she ought at mealtimes she must be ready to do so in the most effective manner. And she knew she could not do so if she ate with the rest.

Mrs. Fulton was much relieved at Faith's action in that particular. It seemed to Faith, however, that when Sunday morning came and Alice asked her to come into the family circle to prayers she ought to go, and she did so quietly and enjoyed it.

When evening came, Alice wanted to go to church with her, and Mrs. Fulton did not say anything. The new order of things was unheard of, but a girl whose family friends included men

dike Francis Raleigh and Malcom Stanley was not an ordinary hired girl, and Mrs. Fulton reasoned with herself accordingly.

But before that Sunday came Faith and the artist had gone to see the famous lady photographer, who had taken a liking to Faith at the beginning. She readily agreed to take Faith on trial at the end of the month, and Faith went back to her kitchen quite excited.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]



"In other words," said Edward Blake, "you mean that I will have to lie?"

The stories written by Rev. Charles M. Sheldon teach lessons. The lessons are apt to be timely and pertinent. His latest story

Edward Blake, College Student,

tells a lot about the life of the average college man. It is an excellent story and we are sure it will be enjoyed by our readers.

We have purchased it and the first chapters will be printed soon

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Write for CIRCULARS showing the different styles of Sewing Machines we manufacture and prices before purchasing.

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Silver Plate that Wears.



Let us call your attention to our

"1847 Rogers Bros."

Triple plated Knives and Forks. They are made to wear, and considering the quality, style and finish, can make you a very low price. The knives are plated on the best of steel, and the forks on hard white nickel silver. They are guaranteed to give satisfaction to the purchaser.



A full line of Spoons, Sugar Shells, Butter Knives, etc., in "1847" goods always on hand. Let us show them to you.

T. A. ROBINSON, Optician and Jeweler, Welch Block, Berea, Ky.

CORRESPONDENCE

The Peytontown, Bright Shade and Livingston correspondence came in too late for publication this week. It will appear next week.—Ed.

Madison County.

Brassfield.

(Received too late for last week.)

Mr. S. C. Bates, whose illness has been noted in these columns, died Saturday night, Oct. 19, from the effects of an operation which had been performed in the vain hope of relief. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. D. C. Francis and Rev. T. H. Broadbush, after which his remains were interred in the family burying ground. A large circle of friends as well as a most devoted family mourn his loss. Stephen C. Bates was a Christian gentleman.

Mr. W. D. Logsdon has returned from Louisville, where he spent several days selecting his fall stock of merchandise.

Mr. J. Speed Ogg has sold his farm, sawmill and other property, and expects to go to Beattyville to engage in the dry-goods business.

Mr. C. Parks has bought of Hon. W. B. Smith a valuable farm near this place.

Mr. Will Simpson is preparing to build soon.

Jackson County.

Kirby Knob.

Mrs. C. A. Smith returned from New York Wednesday and reached McKee on Friday.

Mr. George Rader attended Sunday-school at this place last Sunday.

Miss Martha Click has returned from McKee. She was accompanied by Miss Mary Baker, who went on to her old home in Wallacetown.

The revival at Clover Bottom closed Sunday night with only one convert.

Mrs. John Reynolds, of McKee, visited her sister, Mrs. Hayes, last week.

Mr. Frank Hatfield went to Berea last week.

The Sunday-school Convention will be held at McKee next Saturday.

Everybody is invited, especially the teachers of the common schools of Jackson County.

The party that went from here to East Pinnacle and Robe Mountain had a fine time. They are indebted to Mr. Robe and family for their many kindnesses.

One of Rev. Standifer's children was kicked by a horse last Sunday. It is feared the child will die.

Mason County.

Maysville.

(Received too late last week.)

There was an oratorical contest given at the M. E. Church Friday evening. The winners were John Wilson, first prize, and Ada Daugherty, second prize.

Prof. T. A. Reed addressed the Plymouth Baptist Sunday-school Sunday morning.

Henry Jackson and Miss Amelia Settina Small were united in the bonds of wedlock Thursday evening, at the home of the bride on E. Third St., Rev. O. A. Nelson officiating. We wish for them a long, happy life.

Mrs. Mary F. Oldham is indisposed with rheumatism at her home on Front St.

James Munday entertained a number of his friends Thursday evening at his home in the East End.

Thomas Stevens, who has been ill for several days, is very much improved.

Quite a number of Maysvillians took advantage of the excursion to the Queen City Sunday morning.

There will be Sunday-school at the Bethel Baptist Church Sunday morning. Everybody is cordially invited.

Those having news to publish will do well to consult the Newspaper Syndicate of the Fifth Street High School.

Everybody should take advantage of the good weather, and send their children to school.

Owsley County.

Vincent.

The school at this place in charge of S. A. Caudell is in fine condition. The attendance is most excellent.

Several friends visited our school on Friday.

Rev. W. D. Smith, of Berea, visited our school last week and favored us

with a good, practical address which was much appreciated.

Miss Lillie Isaacs favored our school with a visit last week.

Rev. Wm. Buckles, of Madison County, has been conducting revival services at Travelers Rest.

A. E. Minter, of Beattyville, visited friends here last week.

Now the election has passed we will miss the genial candidate.

Gabbard.

We have had fine weather the past week.

Nearly everybody is done making molasses and sowing wheat.

Rev. R. L. Brandenburg preached at the Grassy Branch Schoolhouse Sunday.

Misses Low and Bessie Flannery and Bettie Pendergrass, of Conkling, visited Miss Dora Moore, of this place, Saturday and Sunday.

Thomas Minter, of Booneville, visited his father, R. W. Minter, at this place Monday.

R. W. Bicknell, of Booneville, has rented Alfred Eversole's old store on Cow Creek, and has put in a new stock of goods.

Abner Barker has purchased a grist-mill from a Mr. Campbell for \$500.

Long may THE CITIZEN live and prosper with its good reading.

A. C. Gabbard, of Booneville, is visiting relatives at this place.

H. H. Rice, of Buffalo, has purchased a farm from J. W. Baker, of this place, for \$800.

There is a new post office established at the head of Indian Creek, with Joseph Baker as postmaster. The name of the office is Floyd.

Rockcastle County.

Rockford.

R. D. Cook, Jr. was in Berea last week.

Mrs. Martha Lutes is very ill.

R. D. Cook, Jr., and mother, also Mr. and Mrs. Guinn, were in Mt. Vernon last week.

Miss Dovie Kinnaird is visiting relatives at Rockford this week.

Mrs. J. S. Gadd was in Richmond last week.

Mrs. James Dalton, wife and daughter Lola visited relatives Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. John Guinn and wife visited friends in Madison County last week.

Mr. T. C. Viars was in Berea a few days ago.

Mrs. A. P. Gadd is visiting her parents near Berea this week.

Miss Sis Gadd, of Elliston, is with home folks.

Mrs. R. D. Cook, Sr., and daughter Mrs. Burnett, were in Wildie last Wednesday.

Mr. John Guinn is repairing his house for winter.

Disputants.

The recent special meetings at Clear Creek resulted in 41 additions to the church.

Miss Virginia Dox, of Boston, gave a very interesting account of her experience among the Indians of the West at the Wood Schoolhouse Friday night. There was a good attendance.

G. W. Purkey, our merchant, says he will give one year's subscription to THE CITIZEN for three dozen fresh eggs. Mr. Purkey is a hustler, and sells lots of goods.

Mr. Armstrong sold a work horse to A. Shepherd for \$20, and gave Mr. Shepherd \$12.50 for a wagon.

The teachers' association at our schoolhouse Saturday was not very well attended by teachers, but we had a good meeting anyhow. Eight persons from Berea College were with us and contributed much to the enjoyment of the occasion. Mr. Will C. Gamble, the singer, assisted by Mrs. T. J. Osborne at the organ, got some good singing out of the people. Mr. Gamble took a picture of the crowd after adjournment.

Brother Dodwell of THE CITIZEN was with us again this week in the interests of the paper. THE CITIZEN is a great favorite with all who subscribe for it.

R. E. Short completed his work on Miss Grace Clark's house Friday last.

FOR SALE.—Twenty-six (26) acres of land, five (5) miles from Berea, on the Kingston pike near Big Hill post office. Two-room box house on the land. Will sell as a whole or in lots. Address, W. B. Jones, Paint Lick.

THE HOME.

TEACH THE CHILDREN VERSES.

Mothers and teachers can do nothing better for the little ones than to teach them good pieces of poetry and pretty songs. If the piece is explained to the child and pleasantly repeated by the teacher, it will be a pleasure to the child to learn it, and it will do more than anything else toward making a good man or woman.

Be sure and save the pieces in this paper, and the song, "Bright Jewels," on this page.

Next week we shall have pieces for older children.

Pieces for Boys.

GRANDMOTHER'S FARM.

My grandmother lives on a farm
Just twenty miles from town;
She's sixty-five years old, she says,
Her name is Grandma Brown;
Her farm is very large and fine,
There's meadow, wood and field
And orchards, which all kinds of fruits
Most plentifully yield.

Butter she churns, and makes nice cheese;
They are so busy there
If mother would stay with me too,
I'd like to do my share.
I go out with the haymakers,
And tumble on the hay;
They put me upon the load,
And home we drive away.

I go into the pleasant fields
And gather berries bright;
They've many, many thousands there,
All fresh and sweet and ripe.
A pretty brook runs through the farm,
Singing so soft and sweet;
I sit upon the grassy bank,
And bathe my little feet.

A farmer I would like to be,
They live so pleasantly;
They must be happy while they work,
Singing so cheerfully.
I think I'll save all that I get,
And earn all that I can,
And buy me such a pleasant farm
When I grow up a man.

I'LL NEVER USE TOBACCO.

"I'll never use tobacco, no,
It is a filthy weed;
I'll never put it in my mouth,"
Said little Robert Reid.

"Why, there was little Jerry Jones,
As dirty as a pig,
Who smoked when only ten years old,
And thought it made him big."

"He'd puff along the open street
As if he had no shame;
He'd sit beside the tavern door,
And there he'd do the same."

"He spent his time and money too,
And made his mother sad;
She feared a worthless man would come
From such a worthless lad."

"Oh, no, I'll never smoke or chew,
Tis very wrong indeed;
It hurts the health, it makes bad breath,"
Said little Robert Reid.

WHAT IS THAT, MOTHER?

"What is that, mother?"
The lark, my child,
The morn' has but just looked out and smiled,
When he starts from his humble grassy nest,
And is up and away, with the dew on his breast,
And a hymn is his heart, to you pure, bright sphere.

To warble it out in his Maker's ear,
Ever, my child, be thy morn's first lays
Tuned, like the lark's, to thy Maker's praise.

"What is that, mother?"
The dove, my son,
And that low, sweet voice, like a widow's moan,
Is flowing out from her gentle breast,
Constant and pure by that lonely nest,
As the wave is poured from some crystal urn,
For her distant dear one's quick return.

Ever, my son, be thou like the dove:
In friendship as faithful, as constant in love.

"What is that, mother?"
The eagle, boy,
Proudly careering his course with joy,
Firm on his mountain vigor relying,
Breasting the dark storm, the red bolt defying,
His wing on the wind, and his eye on the sun,
He swerves not a hair, but bears onward, right on.

Boy, may the eagle's flight ever be thine,
Onward and upward, and true to the line.

"What is that, mother?"
The swan, my love,
He is floating down from his native grove,
No loved one now, no nesting high;
He is floating down by himself to die;
Death darkens his eye and unplumes his wings,
Yet the sweetest song is the last he sings.

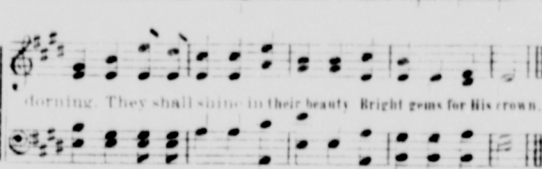
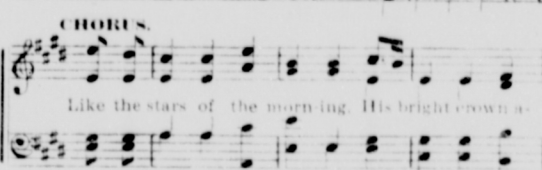
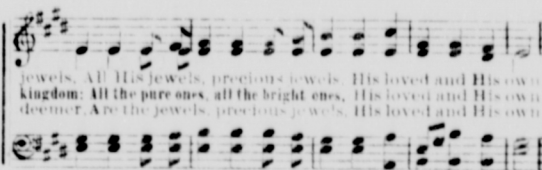
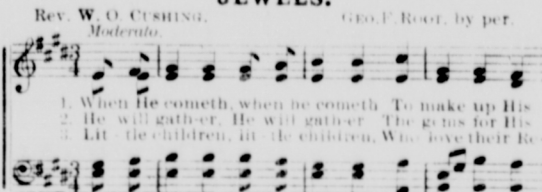
Let so, my child, that when death shall come,
Swan-like and sweet it may wait thee home.

This space has been
purchased by

T. A. ROBINSON,
Optician and Jeweler.
Berea, Ky.

Music for School Exhibitions.

JEWELS.



THE SCHOOL.

Edited by J. W. Dinsmore, Dean of the Normal Department, Berea College.

CLOSING EXHIBITION OF THE DISTRICT SCHOOL.

It is of the greatest importance to the children as well as to their parents and teachers that the public schools this autumn should not be allowed to dwindle out at the end, but that all the children should be kept interested and at work up to the last day.

The best thing to keep up the interest and put a crown on the work of the term is to get up a Closing Exhibition, and such an exhibition may itself be worth as much as the term of school. It will certainly accomplish three things: first, it will hold the interest and attendance to the end of the term; secondly, it will increase the interest of trustees and parents in the work of education; and, thirdly, it will plant some beautiful songs and poems in the hearts of the children.

We print this week a number of short selections to be learned by heart and recited or declaimed by the little children. We will suggest something for the older ones next week. Any teacher can have each of the little children learn one of these beautiful pieces, and it will be a blessing to the child as long as it lives. Don't let these pieces be repeated in a sing-song tone. Be sure the child understands the piece, and brings out its true meaning.

Pieces for Girls.

THE SQUIRREL.

Oh, there's the squirrel perched about,
That active little rover,
See how he whisks his bushy tail,
Which shadows him all over.

Now view him seated on the bough,
To crack his nuts at ease,
While blackbirds sing, and stockdoves coo,
Amid the neighboring trees.

NEW LYCEUM COURSE.

That the readers of THE CITIZEN may know that a Lyceum Course is being provided for the people of Berea and vicinity, as in recent years, the names and dates of entertainers are given thus early in the year. It will be observed that four of the five comeduring the winter term, and the other very early in the spring term. All but one are new to this place; and no apology is needed for opening the course with so charming an entertainer as Mrs. Beecher. Nights have been secured which do not conflict with other important gatherings. It is hoped that our friends will avoid making other appointments for these dates. The following is the schedule:

Sat., Dec. 14—Mrs. Isabel Garghill Beecher.

Sat., Jan. 11—Hon. Wm. H. Sanders.

Mon., Feb. 10—Miss Katharine Eggleston.

Wed., Feb. 26—Reno B. Welbourn.

Sat., Mar. 22—Ralph Parlette.

The first of the above, though not in perfect voice when here before, was adjudged one of the most entertaining readers who ever visited Berea.

The second is recommended as giving a lecture full of grand thoughts and delivered with wonderful eloquence.

The third is a reader who captivates her audiences, wherever she goes.

The fourth has gained a national reputation for his discoveries in wireless telegraphy and his popular illustration of it.

The fifth is a humorist of humorists. His lectures contain nuggets of the solid gold of practical wisdom, but they sparkle with wit and fun and satire.

Single admission to each entertainment 25 cents, season tickets \$1.00. Children under 12 years, 15 cents and 80 cents.

L. V. Dodge.

THE FARM.

Edited by R. C. Mason, Professor of Horticulture, Berea College.

DUCKS COMPARED WITH CHICKENS.

It is a common saying that there is no profit in raising ducks for the table, because they eat more than they are worth. Let us examine this notion a little.

In the attempt to change grain into meat by raising poultry, it is necessary to keep alive the first pound of flesh gained by a bird while the second pound is being accumulated. We say keep alive, because animal tissue cannot exist for a moment in a fixed state, but is constantly undergoing waste and repair, and every day and hour that this first pound is supported, it is done at the expense of a certain amount of food. When the second pound is gained two pounds must be kept alive, while the third pound is growing, and so on.

This mere maintenance of the animal machinery is no inconsiderable amount of the whole cost of feeding an animal, no matter whether it be a calf, lamb, chicken, or duck, until it is old enough for the table. Consequently, the faster the creature grows the less time and cost are necessary to support the first few pounds of flesh acquired while the animal is reaching the desired weight. In other words, early maturity is essential to the economical raising of table fowls. Now, we have no domestic bird which matures faster than ducks. Their appetite, so far from being an objection, is their great recommendation. They eat for good reasons. From nothing, nothing comes.

Try the experiment of raising chickens, of the fastest growing breed you please, in the same yard with ducks hatched the same day (common puddle ducks, or blooded ones either), and feed both species all they will eat, and you will find that the ducks increase in weight the fastest absolutely and the fastest in proportion to their weight when matured.

It is not very often that one, in riding through the country, meets ducks, compared with the frequent appearance of several other kinds of fowl. The reason probably is that there is a general feeling that ducks require a good deal of water, and close to the house. Well, this is clever, if you have it. Ducks are very clever at capturing all kinds of creeping things in the mud of streams and turning them into cash; but a little water will do nearly as well, and they will go grubbing about on dry land. Some breeders are very successful in raising ducks with only a tub of water set in the ground. The best varieties are Pekin, Rouen, or Aylesbury. The Pekin attains the greatest weight, and, besides, is content with very slender accommodations in the way of swimming privileges, taking to muddy pools by preference. Do not think of the common duck when you get these, as they will reach the living weight of 12 pounds to the pair, at but little more cost than the common duck, which weighs only two-thirds as much; and the former are, besides, more quiet, and roam much less. These ducks are fully as profitable as hens, and make a pleasanter variety in the farm surroundings.—American Stock Keeper.

WANTED.—Capable, reliable person in every county to represent large company of solid financial reputation. \$500 salary per year, payable weekly; \$5 per day absolutely sure and all expenses; straight, bona-fide, definite salary; no commission; salary paid each Saturday and expense money advanced each week. STANDARD ROUTE, 31 DEARBORN ST., CHICAGO.

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Over 30 Teachers, 800 Students (from 20 States). Largest College Library in Kentucky. NO SALOONS.

Trade Schools—Carpentry, Printing, Housework, Nursing, two years.

Model Schools—General Education, and fitting for advanced courses.

For those sufficiently advanced to get a teacher's certificate:

Applied Science—Two years course, with Agriculture for young men, and Domestic Science for young ladies.

Normal Course—Two years, with practice teaching.

Academy Course—Four years, fitting for College, for business, and

College Course—Literary, Philosophical, Classical. [for life]

Music—Reed Organ, Choral (free), Vocal, Piano, Theory.

We are here to help all who will help themselves toward a Christian education. Our instruction is a free gift. Students pay a small incidental fee to meet expenses of the school apart from instruction, and must also pay for board in advance. Expenses for term (12 weeks) may be brought within \$24.00, about \$14 to be paid in advance.

The school is endorsed by Baptists, Congregationalists, Disciples, Methodists, Presbyterians, and good people of all denominations.

For information and friendly advice address the Secretary,
WILL C. GAMBLE, - Berea, Madison Co., Ky.